





#### **Long-Range Planning**

for Health

Equity &

Prosperity

#### Today's Presenters



**Greg Miao**ChangeLab Solutions



Justin Rivas
County Health Rankings and Roadmaps



Josh Lee San Bernardino County

### Long-Range Planning for Health, Equity & Prosperity

A Primer for Local Governments



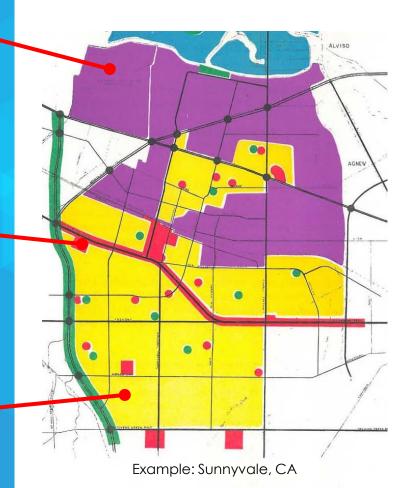


# How do we plan the future of our communities?

- We take what we know about how communities have changed in the past
- 2. We try to anticipate how our communities will change in the future based on the trends we see around us today
- 3. We develop strategies to leverage those trends and shape our communities in ways that align with our vision

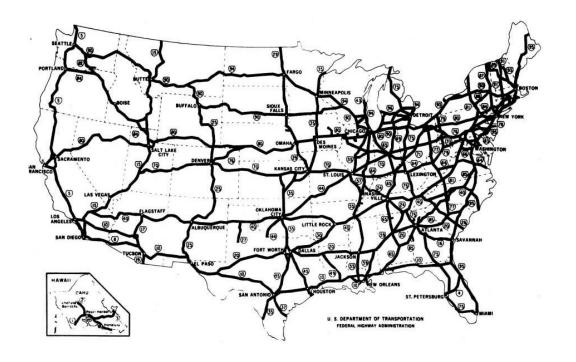
## Business park **Shopping Center Housing Subdivision**

## Example: Land Use Regulations



CIAM Charter of Athens

## Example: Infrastructure investment

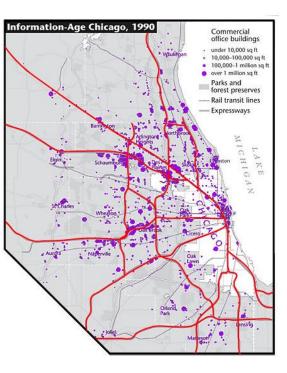






The American Dream

GI Bill



Office Parks
Tech, labor, land use



Shopping Malls
Accelerated Depreciation

## Example: Post-War Suburbanization







Unhealthy Places

Healthy Places







Disparities in opportunity





Disparities in political power



Governance that limits meaningful participation

Disparities in community prosperity and health are rooted in 5 Fundamental Drivers of Inequity

COVID is a powerful global force of change and the fallout will influence communities for years to come.

BUT planning in response to that change is not fundamentally different than post-war suburbanization, globalization, ecommerce, or the 2008 recession



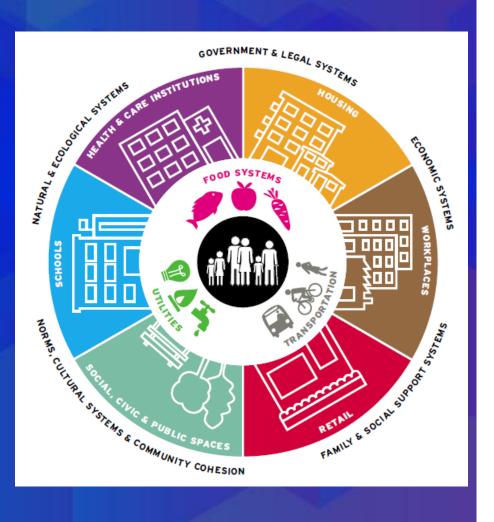
2. How can planning frameworks help [YOU] reduce health inequities?

## Use place-based planning categories to:

- Identify and organize healthpromoting policies
- Use place-based planning concepts to identify the location of and needs in priority areas



#### Housing





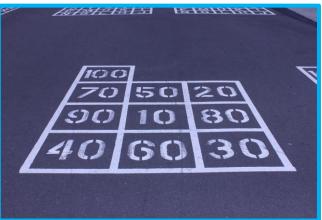




## Schools & Health Care Institutions

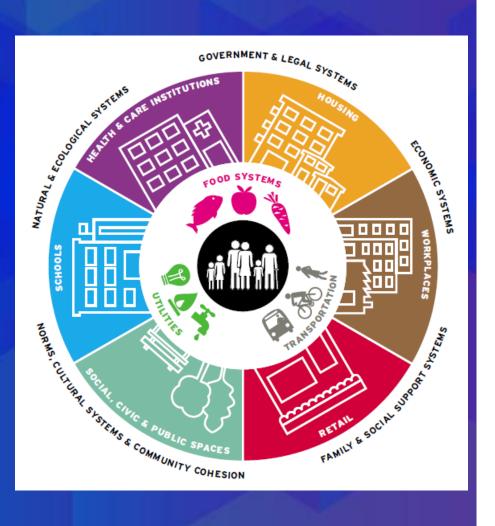








#### Retail

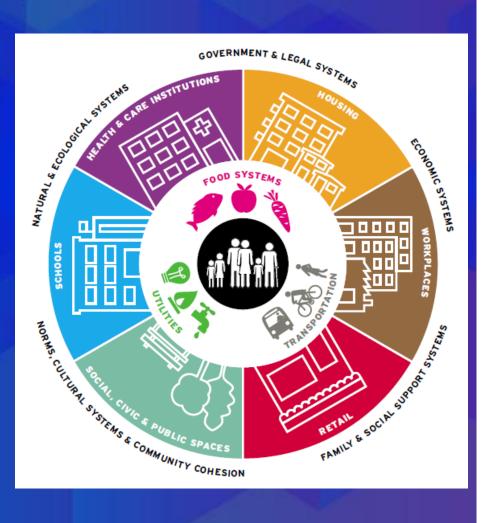








#### Workplace









## Social, Civic, & Public Space









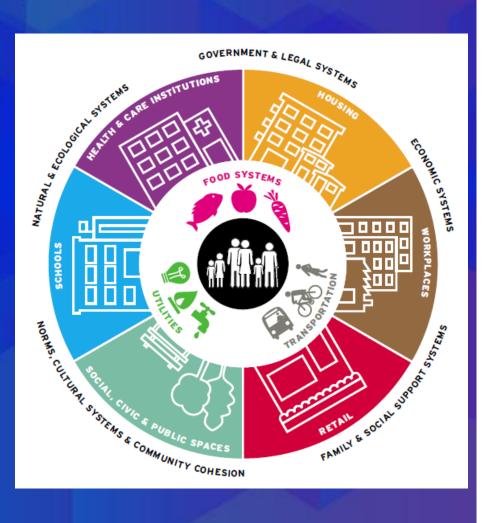






Photos: Metroparent, Air force senior airman Scott Poe, Joe Mabel, Air force senior airman Timothy Young

#### **Food Systems**





















### Transportation and Utilities Infrastructure







3. How can public health frameworks help [YOU] plan for equitable prosperity?







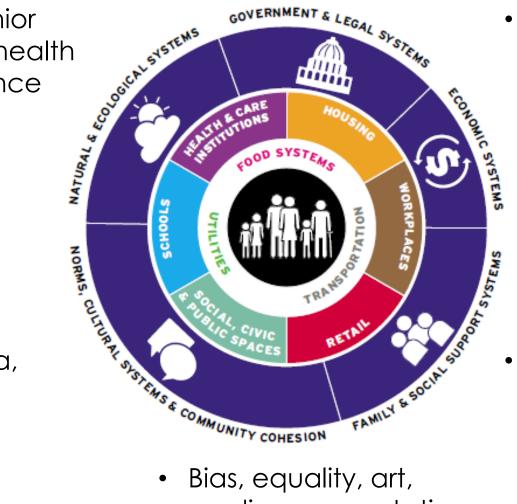
Define Cause of Prevent Problem Problem

Define Cause of Problem Problem Scale & Evaluate Solution

#### Systems, Policies, and Norms

 Regulations, Law enforcement, City Services

Childcare, senior care, mental health support, violence prevention



Market demand, investment trends

 Safety, trauma, community

> Bias, equality, art, media representation

Clean air, water, soil, biodiversity, Climate

Use community health data to help define problems and identify priority areas

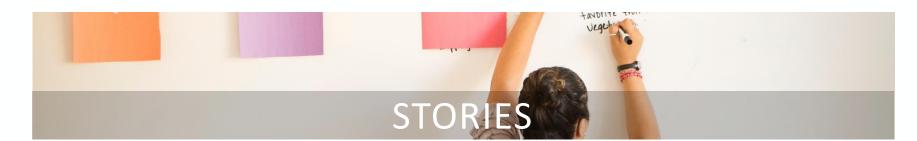


#### **CHR&R RESOURCES INCLUDE**









#### WHY WE DO WHAT WE DO



To Improve Health Outcomes & Advance Health Equity

#### County Health Rankings & Roadmaps

**Building a Culture of Health, County by County** 

Population based data collection



County Health Rankings



Media attention

Community leaders use report



Broad Community Engagement



Evidence informed policies and programs



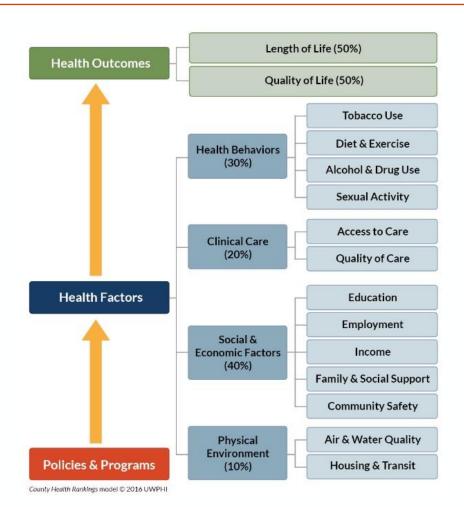
Improved health outcomes and increased health equity



#### County Health Rankings & Roadmaps

**Building a Culture of Health, County by County** 

#### THE CHR&R MODEL









#### WHICH SNAPSHOT FEATURES WILL YOU USE?

- Trend graphs
- Causes of death
- Disaggregated Data
- Policies and programs
- Additional measures
- Spanish translation



#### DATA MEASURES FOR EXPLORING DISPARITIES

We have various measures with data that are broken down by race and ethnicity.

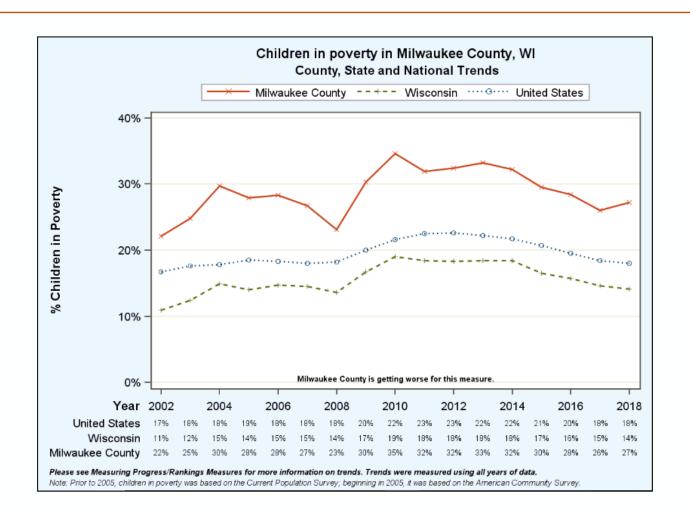
#### Which of these measures are most useful for you?

- 1. Premature death
- 2. Low birthweight
- 3. Infant mortality
- 4. Child mortality
- 5. Median household income
- 6. Children in poverty
- 7. Teen Births

- 8. Preventable hospitalizations
- Diabetes monitoring
- 10. Mammography screening

Children in poverty	<u>28%</u>	~	26-31%
% Children in Poverty	28%		
% Children in Poverty (Black)	50%		
% Children in Poverty (Hispanic)	37%		
% Children in Poverty (White)	10%		

#### TREND GRAPH FOR CHILDREN IN POVERTY



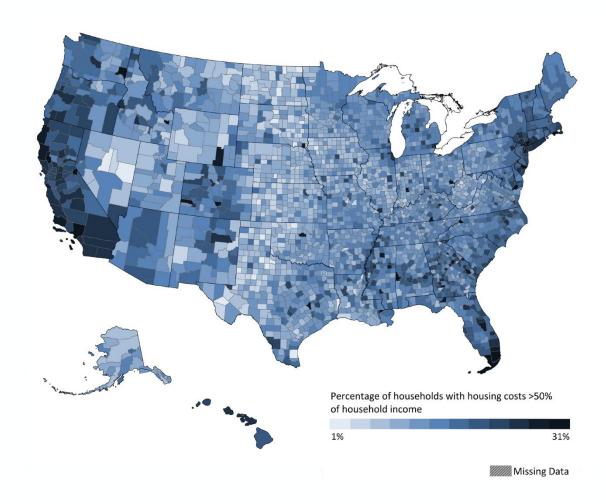


#### **SEVERE HOUSING COST BURDEN**

Percentage of households that spend 50% or more of their household income on housing.

**Building a Culture of Health, County by County** 

Severe
Housing Cost
Burden Among
U.S. Counties,
2011-2015



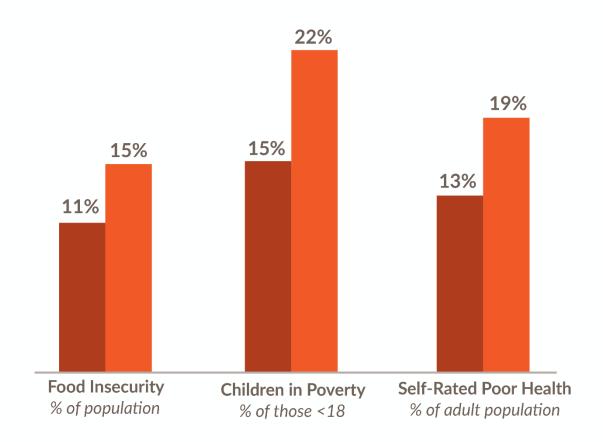
countyhealthrankings.org

**Building a Culture of Health, County by County** 

Health Factors and
Outcomes in Top and
Bottom Performing
Counties for Severe
Housing Cost Burden

**Severe Housing Cost Burden** 

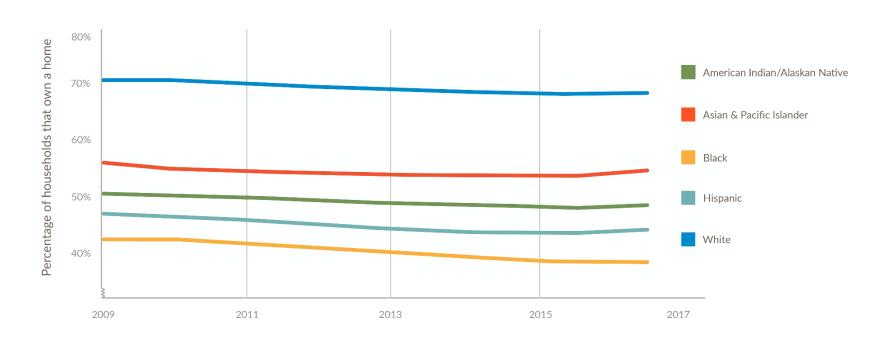
- Top Performing (10%) Counties
- Bottom Performing (10%) Counties



countyhealthrankings.org

**Building a Culture of Health, County by County** 

### Trends in Homeownership by Race/Ethnicity in Large Urban and Smaller Metro Counties



countyhealthrankings.org

**Building a Culture of Health, County by County** 

# WHO TO WORK WITH: PARTNER CENTER

# What roles do you play in your community? Who do you want to partner with?

Think about the people in your community who make positive changes happen. Call them leaders, changemakers, or stakeholders - these are the people with whom you want to partner. This section is all about joining with others to make lasting change in your community.

















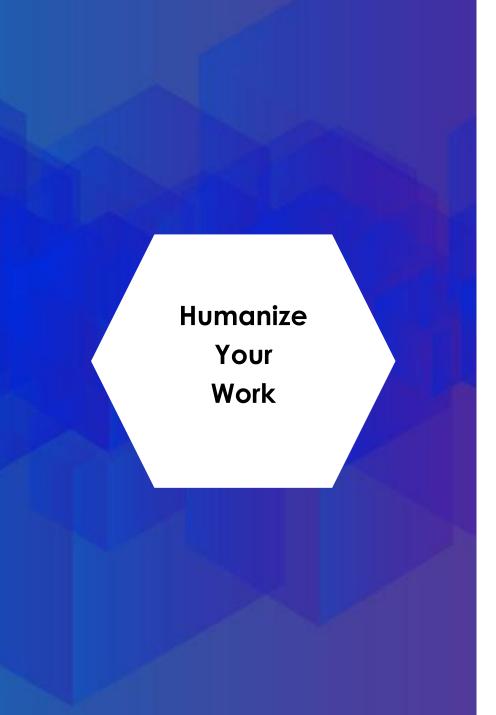


### **Provides guidance around:**

- Why different sectors might care about creating healthy communities
- What they can do
- How to engage them



4. What are practical ways to integrate health and equity into [YOUR] everyday planning practice?

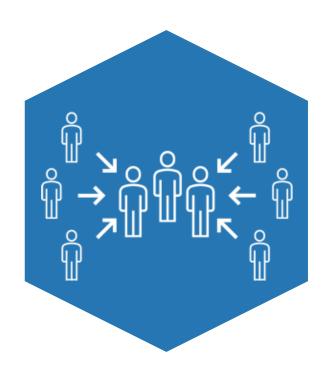




Build equity into the process of drafting plans



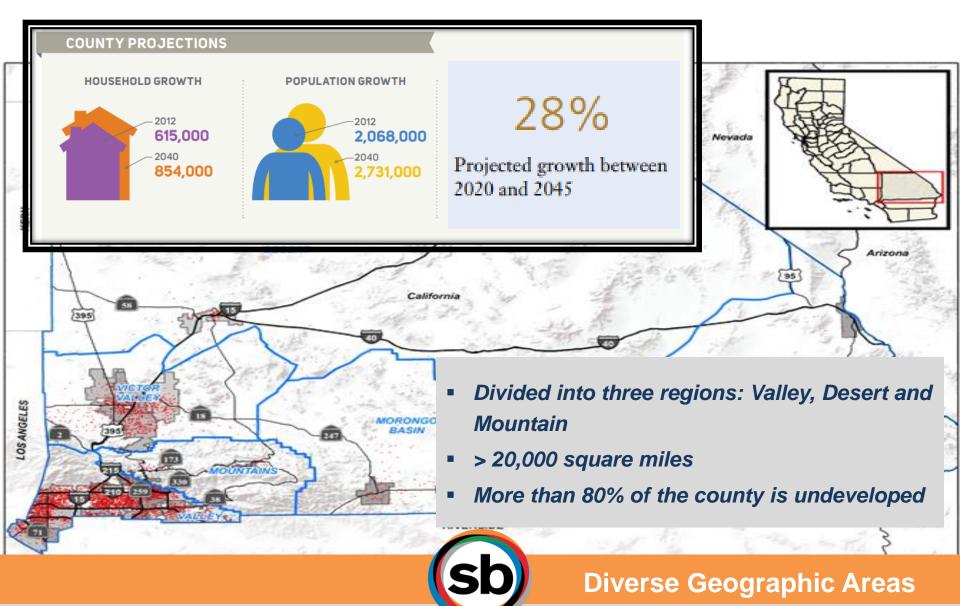
Apply an equity lens to community engagement



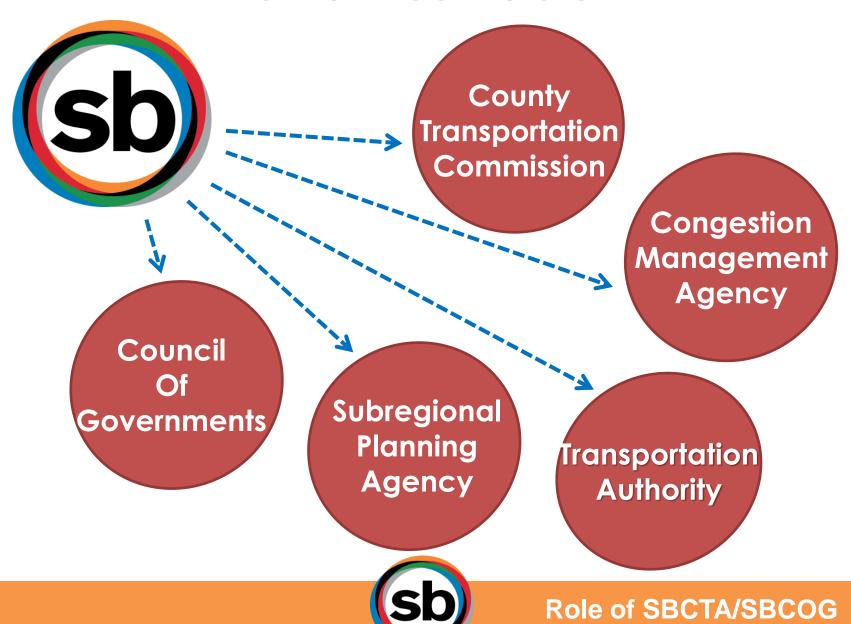
Build Capacity to
Support Health Equity
Across Agencies
and Departments



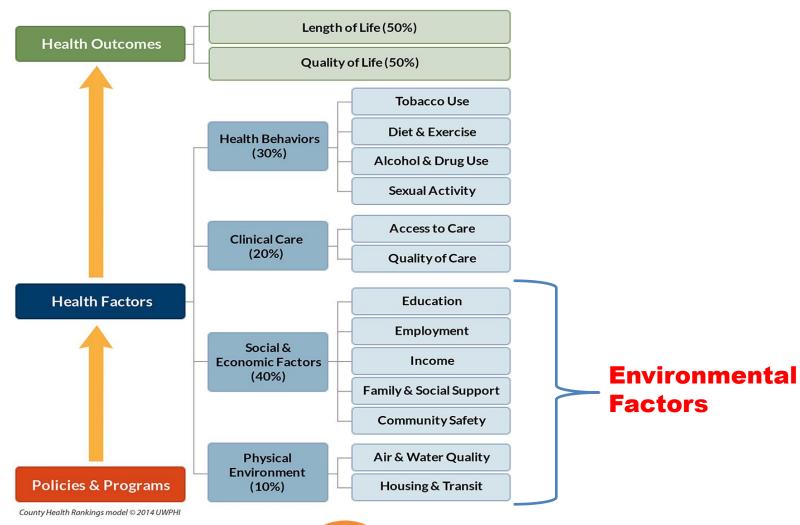
# San Bernardino County



# SBCTA/SBCOG



# **What Factors Determine Our Health?**





# It Starts with a Vision





### PRIORITY AREAS



#### **Education**

(overall, educational attainment, high school graduation)



### **Economy**

(overall, poverty, unemployment, economic development)







### **Access to Health and Wellness**

(including medical home, mental health, nutrition, builtenvironment, and physical activity)





# Safety

(including community, traffic, and school safety)







Goal 6: Increase the number of residents engaged in active living activities

STRATEGY 11: Promote health in all policies as it relates to the built environment, including:

- a) Promote health elements in city general plans
- b) Promote environmental justice elements
- c) Promote Active Transportation Plans (ATPs)
- d) Promote the Safe Routes to Schools program to ensure students have a safe environment to and from school
- e) Promote the adoption of Complete Streets Policies in additional cities
- f) Increase the use and access to farmer's markets
- g) Promote policies that address zoning for equitable food access and limits on tobacco and alcohol facilities
- h) Identify model programs that promote designation and awareness of healthy menus in retail food facilities



**Built-Environment Work Plan** 

#### Community Vital Signs Steering Committee

Barbara Alejandre

San Bernardino County Superintendent of Schools

Dora Barilla, Co-chair

Loma Linda University Health HC2 Strategies

Ruben Brambila

San Bernardino County Department of Public Health

Sarah Eberhardt-Rios

San Rornardino County

Maggie Hawkins

Randall Lewis Health Policy Fellowship Program

Jack Katzanek

Inland Empire Economic-Partnership 1 4 1

Matthew Keane

Community Clinic Associ San Bernardino County

George Lamb

TS UP TO US

Faith Advisory Council fo

ınity Transformati

ee

rnardino Associat ments

McDonnell Health

Maxwell Ohikhuare, Co-chair

San Bernardino County Department of Public Health

Armando Ontiveros

Thora is Hone Rehavioral

COMMUNITY PARTNERS

We extend special thanks to all of the organizations that were part of the Community Vital Signs processes from 2013-2015, including those who hosted a community meeting/forum, participated in a committee, attended the Planning for Action meetings, or contributed to the process throughout the time frame previously

211 San Bernardino County - Inland Empire United Way

Abundant Living Family Church

American Lung Association Inland Empire Asthma Coalition

Arrowhead Regional Medical Center

Arrowhead United Way

Assemblymember Cheryl R. Brown's Office

Autism Society Inland Empire Azusa Pacific University School of Nursing

California State University, San Bernardino

Chaffey Joint Union High School District

City of Barstow City of Ontario

City of Rancho Cucamonga

City of Rialto

Claremont Graduate University

Community Action Partnership of San Bernardino County

Community Clinic Association of San Bernardino County

Congregations Organized for Prophetic Engagement (C.O.P.E)

Consulado de Carrera De México en San Bernardino

County Nutrition Action Plan (CNAP)

Creating Community Solutions

Delta Sigma Theta Sorority, Inc. Pomona Valley Alumnae Chapter

Dignity Health

Economics & Politics, Inc.

El Sol Neighborhood Educational Center

Faith Advisory Council for Community Transformation (FACCT)

Family Assistance Program (FAP)

Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco - Los Angeles Branch

First 5 San Bernardino

Fontana Police Department

Foothill AIDS Project (FAP)

Health Emergency Local Planning Partners (HELPP)

Healthy Communities

Healthy Rialto

Healthy San Bernardino Coalition

Hesperia Health Center

Hospital Association of Southern California

House of Ruth

Housing Authority of the County of San Bernardino

Inland Counties Emergency Medical Agency

Inland Empire Concerned African American Churches

Inland Empire Economic Partnership

Inland Empire Health Information Exchange

Inland Empire Health Plan

Inland Empire HIV Planning Council (IEHPC)

nland Temporary Homes

Kaiser Permanente

Kids Come First Community Health Center

Knowledge & Education for Your Success, Inc.

Latino Health Collaborative

Lewis Group of Companies

LF Leadership

Loma Linda University Behavioral Health Institute

Loma Linda University Health

Loma Linda University Medical Center

Mental Health Systems (MHS)

Meridian Land Development

Molina Healthcare

National Community Renaissance & Hope Through House

Foundation (C.O.R.E)

National Emergency Communications Organization Network, Inc.

National Forum for Heart Disease and Stroke Prevention

Needles Health Station

OmniTrans

Ontario Chamber of Commerce

Ontario Health Center

Operation New Hope

Partners for Better Health

Reach Out

Reaching New Heights Foundation, Inc.

Redlands Community Hospital

Redlands Police Department

Rialto Fire Department

San Bernardino Active Transportation Network

San Bernardino Associated Governments (SANBAG)

San Bernardino County Administrative Office

San Bernardino County Board of Supervisors - First District

San Bernardino County Board of Supervisors - Second District

San Bernardino County Board of Supervisors - Third District

San Bernardino County Board of Supervisors - Fourth District

San Bernardino County Board of Supervisors - Fifth District

San Bernardino County Children's Network

San Bernardino County Community Health Center

Governing Board

San Bernardino County Department of Aging and Adult

San Bernardino County Department of Behavioral Health

San Bernardino County Behavioral Health Commission

San Bernardino County Department of Public Health

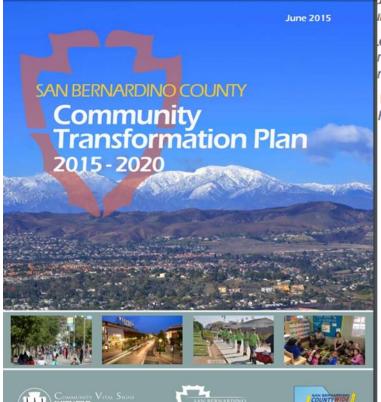
San Bernardino County Department of Workforce Development

San Bernardino County Economic Development Agency San Bernardino County Human Services

San Bernardino County Information Services Department



**Community Stakeholders** 



# Policy/Programs/Measurement

- Countywide Bicycle Master Plan
- Countywide Pedestrian Plan
- First Mile/Last Mile Plans
- Measure I Policies
- Regional Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan
- Complete Streets Strategies
- Regional Transportation Plan
- Long Range Transit Plan
- SBCOG/WRCOG Climate Adaptation Plan
- Electric Vehicle Readiness Plan
- Congestion Management Corridor Plan
- Multimodal Action Plan
- Countywide Safe Routes to School Plan
- Healthy Communities Strategic Plan





# Policy/Programs/Measurement

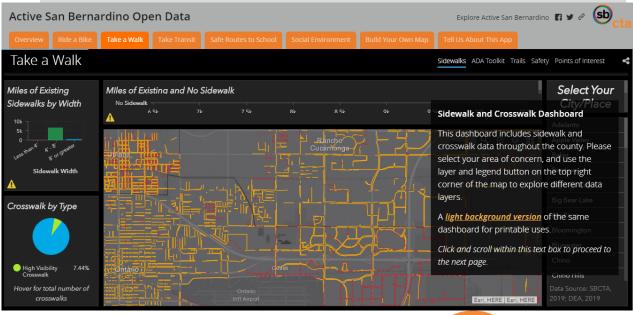
- Infrastructure Construction
- Summer Meals Program
- Rideshare Programs
- Affordable Housing Development
- Grant Writing/Grant Writing Assistance
- Healthy Development Checklist
- Healthy Communities Program
- Open Streets Events/Tactical Urbanism
- Public Art
- Countywide Safe Routes to School Program





# Policy/Programs/Measurement

- Open Data/Active Transportation Dashboard
- Healthy Communities Program Evaluation
- Multimodal Action Plan (Agency Self Evaluation)



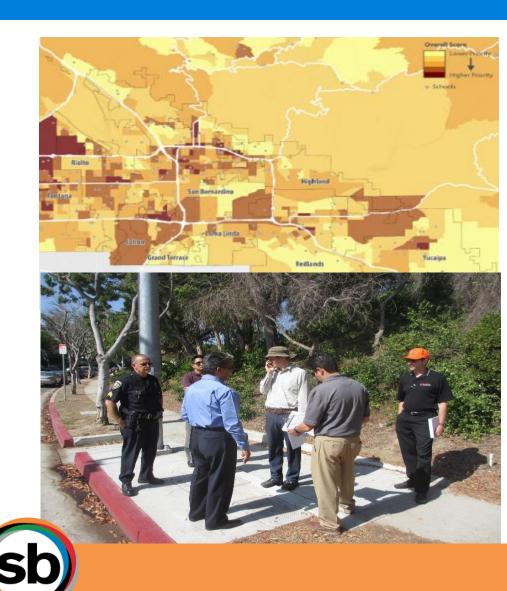




# School Selection and Prioritization (SRTS Program)

#### **Prioritization Factors**

- Impact to Safety
- Impact to Mode Share
- Project Readiness
- Past and Current Programs
- Geographic Distribution
- Equity
  - Demographics
  - Disadvantaged
     Communities
  - High Injury Network
  - Walkability Index
  - Community Health
  - Willingness\*



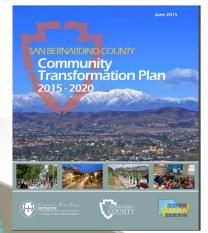
# PAVING THE ROAD TO HEALTH EQUITY



### **Health Equity**

is when everyone has the opportunity to be as healthy as possible





# Programs

Successful health equity strategies

#### Measurement

Data practices to support the advancement of health equity

# Policy

Laws, regulations, and rules to improve population health



#### Infrastructure

Organizational structures and functions that support health equity





U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

SHARRY



**Equity Inclusion** 

# Healthy Communities and Environmental Justice

# SB 1000 "Planning for Healthy Communities Act" - Leyva

- Legislation: mandating that cities and counties adopt an environmental justice (EJ) element and policies into their General Plans
- Birthplace of SB 1000
- San Bernardino County specific Toolkit
  - SBC EJ Definition
  - Engagement Toolkit
  - EJ/Health Equity Data Analysis
  - Model Policies, Programs, Standards, and Strategies
    - Reducing pollution exposure, including improving air quality
    - Promoting public facilities
    - Promoting food access
    - Promoting safe and sanitary homes
    - Promoting physical activity



# COVID-19

# San Bernardino County Public Health and CVS (Infrastructure)

- Too early to assess, however partners agree that collaboration between sector champions through CVS has provided the basis for quicker response
- Examples:
  - Education Sector
    - Inventory and Donate PPE to both DPH and First Responders
    - Open Data Portal and Technology Initiatives/Policies Redirected Chrome Books
  - Faith Based Communities
    - Helped to Identify and Deploy Testing Centers
  - All Sectors
    - Added Another Channel of Information Sharing from the County DPH to All Sector Champions

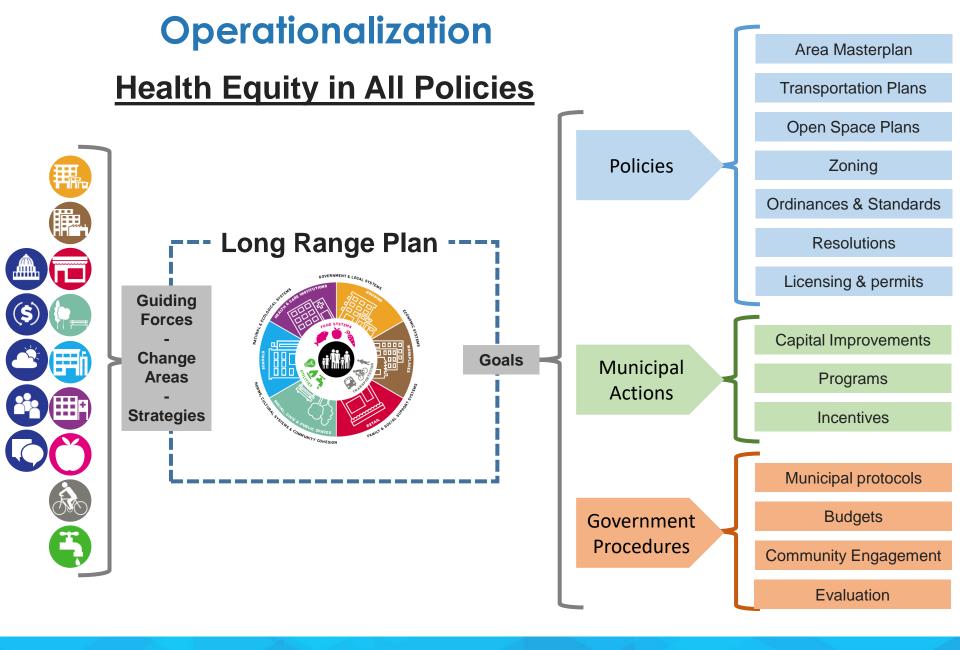




5. How can you make sure your long-range plans achieve their intended health equity results?

Follow through with equitable implementation





What is Happening?

Envisioned Equitable Future

Implementation Tools

# **Question and Answer**

Please use the Questions feature to submit your questions

# Contact Information

### **ChangeLab Solutions**

Greg Miao gmiao@changelabsolutions.org

Erik Calloway ecalloway@changelabsolutions.org

# County Health Rankings and Roadmaps

Justin Rivas justin.rivas@chrr.wisc.edu

### San Bernardino County

Josh Lee <u>jlee@gosbcta.com</u>

#### **National Association of Counties**

Kirsty Fontaine <a href="mailto:kfontaine@naco.org">kfontaine@naco.org</a>